

### 1. INTRODUCTION

Councils are required to raise revenue for governance, administration and the delivery of goods and services to the community.

Council's major source of revenue is Rates, derived as a tax on land within the Council area. All ratepayers receive benefits from paying rates, but those benefits are consumed in different quantities and types over the life of the ratepayer.

This document sets out the policy of the City of Mount Gambier ("Council") for setting and collecting rates from its community.

### 2. PURPOSE

Chapter 10 of the *Local Government Act 1999* ("the Act") prescribes Council's powers to raise rates. The Act provides the framework within which the Council must operate, but also leaves room for the Council to make a range of policy choices. This document includes reference to:

- Compulsory features of the rating system.
- The policy choices that the Council has made on how it imposes and administers the collection of rates.

## 3. SCOPE

### Strategic Focus

In determining a suitable Rating Policy, Council has taken into consideration:

- The Council's Strategic Management Plan
- Council's Long Term Financial Plan
- Council's Annual Business Plan and Budget
- Council's Treasury Management Policy
- Required funding for future Asset Replacement (Infrastructure and Asset Management Plan)
- The current economic climate of our City and its district
- The specific issues faced by our community
- The impact of general rate increases upon our community, either generally or for specific classes of the community
- The impact of rates on our community and the need to balance our community's capacity to pay with the needs and desires of the wider interests that form our community.

There will continue to be economic pressures applying to the Council in a number of ways that will have an impact on the Council's budget and as a result will place pressure on rates.



## 4. POLICY STATEMENT

## 4.1 Communication of the Policy

Section 123 of the Local Government Act 1999 requires a Council to prepare an Annual Business Plan and Budget. As per Section 123 (2) (d) of the Act, the Annual Business Plan must set out the rates structure and polices for the financial year. A summary of the Annual Business Plan must be included with the first rates notice.

## 4.2 Method Used to Value Land

Councils may adopt one of three valuation methodologies to value the properties in their areas. They are:

- Capital Value the value of the land and all the improvements on the land.
- Site Value the value of the land and any improvements which permanently affect the amenity of use of the land, such as drainage works, but excluding the value of buildings and other improvements.
- Annual Value a valuation of the rental potential of the property.

The City of Mount Gambier has decided to continue to use Capital Value as the basis for valuing land within the Council area. The Council considers that this method of valuing land provides the fairest method of distributing the rate burden across all ratepayers because property value is considered a reasonable indicator of income and capital value, which closely approximates the market value of a property and provides the best indicator of overall property value.

#### 4.3 Adoption of Valuation

The City of Mount Gambier will adopt the most recent valuations made by the Valuer-General. If a ratepayers dissatisfied with the valuation made by the Valuer-General then the ratepayer may object to the valuation referred to in the rate notice by writing served personally or by post on the Valuer-General within 60 days after the date of service of the notice, provided they have not:

- (a) previously received a notice or notices under the *Local Government Act 1999* referring to the valuation and informing them of a 60-day objection period, the objection period is 60 days <u>after service of the first such notice</u>; or
- (b) Previously had an objection to the valuation considered by the Valuer-General.

The Valuer-General may extend the 60-day objection period where it be shown there is reasonable cause to do so by a person entitled to make an objection to a valuation.

Objections can be submitted to the Office of the Valuer-General via:

Online: <u>www.valuergeneral.sa.gov.au</u> Email: <u>OVGobjections@sa.gov.au</u> Post: GPO Box 1354, Adelaide 5001 Fax: 08 8115 5709 In Person: Land Services SA, Level 9, 101 Grenfell Street, Adelaide



#### **Objection to Valuation** 4.4

A person may object to a valuation of the Valuer-General by notice in writing, setting out the full and detailed grounds for objection, including any supporting information, and the Valuer-General must consider the objection. If the person then remains dissatisfied with the valuation the person has a right to a review. Applications must be made within 21 days of receipt of the notice of the decision (in relation to the objection) from the Valuer-General. A payment of the prescribed fee for the review to be undertaken together with the review application must be lodged in the State Valuation Office, who will then refer the matter to an independent Valuer. If the person remains dissatisfied with the valuation then they may apply to the South Australian Civil and Administrative Tribunal (SACAT) for a review of the decision.

The address of the Office of the Valuer-General is:

Online: www.valuergeneral.sa.gov.au Email: <u>OVGObjections@sa.gov.au</u> Post: GPO Box 1354, Adelaide 5001 Fax: 08 8115 5709 In Person: Land Services SA, Level 9, 101 Grenfell Street, Adelaide

The Council has no role in the valuation review process & the lodgement of an objection does not change the due date for payment of rates.

#### 4.5 **Notional Values**

Certain properties may be eligible for a notional value under the Valuation of Land Act 1971. This can relate to certain primary production land or where there is State heritage recognition. A notional value is generally less than the capital value and generally results in a reduced rate liability being incurred.

Application by the ratepayer for a notional value must be made to the Office of the Valuer-General.

The address of the Office of the Valuer-General is:

**Online:** www.valuergeneral.sa.gov.au Email: OVGObjections@sa.gov.au Post: GPO Box 1354, Adelaide 5001 Fax: 08 8115 5709 In Person: Land Services SA, Level 9, 101 Grenfell Street, Adelaide

#### 4.6 **Business Impact Statement**

#### **Current Economic Environment**

Council will consider the impact of rates on all businesses in the Council area, including industry, commercial and primary production sections. In considering the impact, Council will assess the following matters:

- Those elements of Council's Strategic Management Plan relating to business development.
- Relevant economic forecast reports.



- Council's recent development approval trends.
- The operating and capital projects and new programs for the coming year that will principally benefit industry and business development.
- Valuation changes.
- Consumer Price Index (CPI) and Local Government Price Index (LGPI) Movements.

Council recognises the importance of supporting and encouraging a diverse and healthy business sector.

### 4.7 Council's Revenue Raising Powers

All land within a council area, except for land specifically exempt (e.g. Crown land, Council occupied land and other land prescribed in the Local Government Act – refer Section 147 of the Act), is rateable. The Local Government Act provides for a Council to raise revenue for the broad purposes of the Council through a general rate, which applies to all rateable properties, or through differential general rates, which apply to classes of properties. In addition, Council can raise separate rates, for specific areas of the Council or service rates or charges for specific services. The Council also raises revenue through fees and charges, which are set giving consideration to the cost of the service provided and any equity issues. The list of applicable fees and charges is available at the Mount Gambier Civic Centre, 10 Watson Terrace, Mount Gambier or on our website at www.mountgambier.sa.gov.au. A Goods and Services Tax at a rate determined under the Goods and Services Tax Act 1999 will be charged on those fees not given exemption under the Act.

#### 4.8 Fixed Charge

Council has decided that a component of the total rate will be a fixed charge on every rateable property. The fixed charge affects most ratepayers and must not, in relation to any financial year, raise more than half of total rate revenue (before rebates and remissions).

Section 152 of the Act provides for a fixed charge component of rates. Council's reasons for including a fixed charge component are:

- To be able to deliver a range of services to the community, Council must maintain a range of internal support and administrative services. No particular group of ratepayers benefit more than any other group of ratepayers by the provision of the support and administrative services.
- The Council therefore considers it appropriate that all ratepayers contribute equally to the cost of administering Council's activities and services.

The fixed charge will affect all ratepayers and is set to raise less than one half of total rate revenue.

The fixed charge is uniformly paid by each ratepayer, irrespective of capital value, has the effect of limiting the impact changes in valuation have on individual assessments.

Where two or more adjoining properties have the same owner and occupier only one fixed charge is payable by the ratepayer.



Applications for "adjoining properties" must be in writing addressed to Chief Executive Officer (as per 4.25 of this Policy) and will only be considered by Council within the relevant financial year received.

No application will have an effect on past fixed charges assessed.

## 4.9 Differential General Rates

In addition to the use of a Fixed Charge, Council will declare differential general rates in the dollar according to the use of the land. The Local Government Act 1999, allows councils to differentiate rates based on the use of the land, the locality of the land or on the use and locality of the land. Current categories of land use defined by the Local Government (General) Regulations 1999 are:

- 1. Residential
- 2. Commercial-Shops
- 3. Commercial-Office
- 4. Commercial-Other
- 5. Industrial-Light
- 6. Industrial-Other
- 7. Primary Production
- 8. Vacant Land
- 9. Other.

## 4.10 Land Use

Land use is a factor to levy differential rates and is provided by the Office of the Valuer-General. If a ratepayer is of the opinion that a particular land use has been wrongly attributed to the ratepayer's land by the council for the purpose of levying differential rates, the ratepayer may object to the attribution of that land use.

Council is responsible for accepting objections to land use. Your objection must be lodged in writing and directed to Council within 60 days of being notified of the land use.

The Office of the Valuer General provides "Objection to Land Use" fact sheets in an aim to provide assistance in understanding the process to undertake if you are dissatisfied with the land use. Details are available from the Office of the Valuer General online via <u>FactSheet-LandUseCodes.PDF (valuergeneral.sa.gov.au)</u> or by contacting the Office of the Valuer General directly:

Online: <u>www.valuergeneral.sa.gov.au</u> Post: GPO Box 1354, Adelaide 5001 Fax: 08 8115 5709 In Person: Land Services SA, Level 9, 101 Grenfell Street, Adelaide

Note: Lodgement of an objection does not change the due date for the payment of rates.



## 4.11 Minimum Rate

Council does not use the minimum rate provisions, instead Council uses the combination of fixed charge and valuation based rating.

### 4.12 Limestone Coast Landscape Levy

From 1 July, 2020 the new Landscape South Australia Act 2019 replaced the Natural Resource Management Act 2004. The Council is in the new Limestone Coast Landscape area and is required under the new Act to make a specified annual contribution to their Regional Landscape Board. As such, Council collects the levy on behalf of the State Government for no gain to Council.

The Council is simply operating as a revenue collector for the Landscape Levy in this regard. It does not retain this revenue nor determine how the revenue is spent.

#### 4.13 Service Charges

In accordance with Section 155 of the Act a Council may impose a service rate on rateable land within its area for a *prescribed service*. A prescribed service is described as treatment or provision of water, collection, treatment or disposal of waste, a television transmission service or any other service prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this definition.

Council is focused on environmentally sound waste management practices and will impose a Waste Service Charge (WSC) as a tool to become more responsive to waste management related costs and share the costs and benefits within the community.

The WSC will be charged on the basis of the service being available at the property. It will exclude vacant land and primary production where there is no dwelling on the land and will be charged irrespective if the land owner/occupier is using the service or not. Charge will be for full financial year i.e. 1<sup>st</sup> July to 30<sup>th</sup> June with no pro rata.

The charge includes:

- a 140L domestic waste bin <u>and</u> weekly collection service
- a 240L recycling bin and fortnightly collection service
- a 240L green waste bin <u>and</u> fortnightly collection service \* (bin not included)

Where two or more adjoining properties have the same owner and occupier only one waste service fee is payable by the ratepayer.

Rateable recreational or sporting activities (community groups) will be provided x1 general waste and x1 recycle bin.

A rate rebate will not be available on Waste Service Charge



# 4.14 Cost of Living Concessions

### Eligible Pensioners, Low Income Earners and Self-Funded Retirees

Pensioners, low income earners or Self-Funded Retirees may be entitled to a cost of living concession. The cost of living concession helps those on low or fixed incomes with their cost of living expenses, whether that be electricity, gas, water bills or council rates.

Eligibility is based on living arrangements as at 1 July each year. Applications for the each financial year can be submitted by contacting the Concession Hotline on 1800 307 758.

Applications are administered by the State Government. Payment of rates must not be withheld pending assessment of an application by the State Government as penalties apply to unpaid rates.

### 4.15 Payment of Rates

The Council will collect rates quarterly on the dates to be specified on the rates notice, in the following months:

- September
- December
- March
- June.

Rate notices will be issued quarterly however the total outstanding balance of rates may be paid at any time.

Rates may be paid:

- Over the Internet <u>www.mountgambier.sa.gov.au</u>
- By telephone: using credit card, phone 1300 276 468, 24 hours a day 7 days per week (BPoint Number 1345263)
- By BPay: Use Biller Code 464263
- By direct debit: from savings or cheque account
- By post: P O Box 56, Mount Gambier SA 5290
- In person: at the Council Offices during Council business hours Monday to Friday excluding public holidays
- By Centrepay deductions from social security payments
- Any Australia Post outlet.
- Flexipay

Any ratepayer who may, or is likely to, experience difficulty with meeting the standard instalments and due dates can contact the Council to discuss alternative payment arrangements. Note, fines and interest may still be levied in accordance with the Act.



### 4.16 Late Payment of Rates

The Local Government Act provides that Councils impose a penalty of 2% on any payment for rates, whether instalment or otherwise, that is received late. A payment that continues to be late is then charged an interest rate, set each year according to a formula in the Act, for each month it continues to be late. Interest charged on late payments is charged on both the amount of the rate arrears and any interest that has previously been imposed. The purpose of this penalty is to act as a genuine deterrent to ratepayers who might otherwise fail to pay their rates on time, to allow councils to recover the administrative cost of following up unpaid rates and to cover any interest cost the Council may incur because it has not received the rates on time.

The City of Mount Gambier imposes late payment penalties strictly in accordance with the Local Government Act. The ability to remit penalties in whole or part is a power vested in Council. At the City of Mount Gambier each case will be considered on its merit based on the information provided.

## 4.17 Fines on Unpaid Rates

If an instalment of rates is not paid on or before the date on which it falls due-

- (a) the instalment will be regarded as being in arrears; and
- (b) a fine of 2 per cent of the amount of the instalment is payable; and
- (c) on the expiration of each full month from that date, interest at the prescribed percentage of the amount in arrears (including the amount of any previous unpaid fine and including interest from any previous month) accrues.

In respect of unpaid Council rates no fines and/or interest charges will arise where the arrears amount is less than \$40.

## 4.18 Outstanding Rates

Council will apply prudent debt collection practices in the recovery of outstanding rates in compliance with the Local Government Act 1999 and follow an ongoing assessment of arrears and systematic approach to debt recovery.

In accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act, where an instalment of Rates is not paid on or before the date on which it falls due, Council will:

- (a) Send a reminder notice to the principal ratepayer with outstanding rate balances advising that payment is overdue;
- (b) Proceedings for collection of outstanding rate balances after that time may be collected by legal process.

The Chief Executive Officer is empowered to exempt this Policy in necessitous circumstances, in accordance with the delegated powers issued pursuant to the provisions of the Local Government Act.



The Chief Executive Officer is empowered to take the necessary action to instigate collection by legal process where principal ratepayers have made no genuine attempt to respond to the requests for payment.

The Chief Executive Officer be authorised to write off outstanding and/or bad debts provided:

- (a) The debt is considered by the Chief Executive Officer to be unrecoverable;
- (b) The outstanding debt is less than \$100.

## 4.19 Appeals Against Assessments

Pursuant to the provisions of the Local Government Act 1999, Council shall refund any rate amount overpaid as a result of an objection, review or appeal in respect of a valuation.

Council shall not apply or credit any such amount overpaid against future liabilities for rates on the land subject to the rates, unless requested to do so by the ratepayer.

## 4.20 Debt Recovery

Council has determined that Rate Payments will be applied in accordance with the provisions of Section 183 of the Act.

When Council receives a payment in respect of overdue rates the Council applies the money received in accordance with Section 183 of the Local Government Act, as follows:

- Firstly to satisfy any costs awarded in connection with court proceedings
- Secondly to satisfy any interest costs
- Thirdly in payment of any fines imposed; and
- Fourthly in payment of rates, in date order of their imposition (starting with the oldest account first).

## 4.21 Rebate of Rates - Mandatory

The Local Government Act requires councils to rebate the rates payable on some land uses. Specific provisions are made for land used for health services, community services, religious purposes, public cemeteries, the Royal Zoological Society and educational institutions. These rebates vary from 25% to 100% and will be applied upon application and on verification.

Rate rebates do not apply to Council Waste Service Charge.

# 4.22 Rebate of Rates - Discretionary

The Local Government Act 1999 enables Council (upon application and subject to certain eligibility criteria) to grant discretionary rebates of up to 100% for land used for the purposes of a community benefit and that meet certain legislative and Council Policy criteria.

Council (by Policy) has agreed to grant specific Rate Rebates pursuant to the said Act.



Councils Rate Rebate Policy (incorporating Rate Rebate Application) is available from the Council website - www.mountgambier.sa.gov.au.

Rate Rebates do not apply to Council Waste Service Charge.

## 4.23 Rate Relief Options

4.23.1 Where an owner/occupier/principal place of residence property with a Category 1 (Residential) Land Use experiences an increase in general rates payable, for the preceding financial year as compare to the general rates payable for the current financial year (excluding any rebates/remissions) and where that increase, in monetary terms, is greater than 15%.

> The amount of the rate rebate is the amount of gross rates for the current year over and above the calculation referred to above. I.e. the difference (in monetary terms) between the general rates imposed in the preceding financial year plus 15%. (All calculations referenced herein are gross rates figures. I.e. exclusive of any rebates/remissions/concessions).

The rebate will not apply where:

- (a) Any such increase is due in whole or part to an increase in valuation of the land in the Assessment because of improvements made to it worth more than \$20,000. or
- (b) Any such increase is in whole or part because the zoning or land use category of the land has changed. or
- (c) Any such increase is due in full or part to the use of the land being different for rating purposes on the date the Council declared its general rates for the current financial year than on the date the Council declared its general rates for the preceding financial year. or
- (d) The ownership of the rateable property has changed since 1<sup>st</sup> July in the preceding financial year i.e. the residential property has changed ownership and the new owners have purchased the residential property at the new current market value, or
- (e) The subject property boundary(s) have been altered in some way e.g. subdivision, boundary alignment etc. i.e. the subject property is not the exact same property, for valuation purposes, as assessed in the previous financial year. or
- (f) Other factors considered relevant by the Chief Executive Officer that do not warrant the granting of the discretionary rate rebate.

The rebate will only apply to:

- (a) A ratepayer in respect of their principal place of residence only, excluding second and subsequent properties and all other non principal place of residence properties.
- (b) The current financial year only then subject to an annual review.

Where an entitlement to a Residential Rate Capping ceases or no longer applies during the course of a financial year, the Council is entitled to recover full rates for the financial year.



## 4.23.2 Vacant Land

The vacant land rate in the dollar is set higher than the residential rate in the dollar.

For those owners of vacant land who intend to develop that land, in the short term as their principal place of residence (as opposed to land speculation), may be entitled to a rebate on Council rates.

Applications must be in writing with the maximum rebate calculated so that the rates payable are equivalent to the average residential land use.

## 4.23.3 Postponement of Rates - Seniors

Any person holding a State Seniors Card issued by the State Government may make application to Council for a postponement of the prescribed proportion of rates for the current or future financial years.

All applications of postponement will need to be considered in accordance with the relevant legislative provisions.

### 4.24 Hardship

Any ratepayer experiencing difficulties in meeting rates payments or experiencing hardship will be able to access payment plans tailored to meet their particular circumstances. All arrangements will be strictly confidential.

### 4.25 Applications

All applications for rebates, remissions or postponements must be in writing, addressed to the Chief Executive Officer, City of Mount Gambier, P O Box 56, Mount Gambier SA 5290 and include sufficient details to identify the relevant property and support the application.

Application forms are available from Council's website www.mountgambier.sa.gov.au.

Please refer to Council's Rate Rebate Policy for further information.

#### 4.26 Sale of Land for Non-Payment of Rates

The Local Government Act provides that a Council may sell any property where the rates have been in arrears for three years or more. The Council is required to provide the principal ratepayer and the owner (if not the same person) with details of the outstanding amounts and advise the owner of its intention to sell the land if payment of the outstanding amount is not received within one month. The City of Mount Gambier enforces the sale of land for non-payment of rates after 3 years or more in accordance with the provisions of the Act.



## 4.27 Changes to Assessment Records

All changes to postal address of ratepayer/owner and changes of ownership of a property must be notified promptly to Council in writing.

#### 4.28 Disclaimer

A rate cannot be challenged on the basis of non-compliance with this policy and must be paid in accordance with the required payment provisions.

Where a ratepayer believes that the Council has failed to properly apply this policy it should raise the matter with the Council. In the first instance contact Council's General Manager Council Business Services on (08) 8721 2555 to discuss the matter. If, after this initial contact, a ratepayer is still dissatisfied they should write to the Chief Executive Officer, City of Mount Gambier, P O Box 56, Mount Gambier SA 5290, or email city@mountgambier.sa.gov.au.

#### 5. **REVIEW & EVALUATION**

This Policy is scheduled for review by Council annually and will be reviewed as required by any legislative changes which may occur.

#### 6. AVAILABILITY OF POLICY

This Policy will be available for inspection at Council's principal office during ordinary business hours and on the Council's website www.mountgambier.sa.gov.au. Copies will also be provided to interested members of the community upon request, and upon payment of a fee in accordance with Council's Schedule of Fees and Charges.



File Reference:	AF18/48
Applicable Legislation:	Local Government Act, 1999 - Chapter 10
Reference: Strategic Plan – Beyond 2015	Goal 5, Strategic Objective 5
Related Policies:	R105 Rating Policy R155 Rates - Rebate Policy and Application Process R130 Rates - General Policy (Amalgamated with R105)
Related Procedures:	Nil
Related Documents:	Nil

# **DOCUMENT DETAILS**

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